The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A liquid-crystalline medium comprising one or more compounds of formula A

$$R^a \longrightarrow L^1$$
 $H \longrightarrow Z^2 \longrightarrow Q$
 L^2
 A

and

at least one compound of formula B

in which

 R^{a}

is H or an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF₃, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in which one or more CH₂ groups are optionally, independently of one another, replaced by -O-, -S-, -CH=CH-, -C≡C-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO- or -O-CO-O- in

such a way that O atoms are not linked directly to one another,
is H or an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF₃, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in which one or more CH₂ groups are optionally, independently of one another, replaced by -O-,

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way that O atoms are not linked directly to one another,

 Z^1 and Z^2 are each, independently of one another, -(CH₂)₄-, -CF₂O-, -COO-,

-OCF₂-, -OCH₂-, -CH₂O-, -CH₂-, -(CH₂)₃- or a single bond, wherein at

least one of Z^1 and Z^2 is -OCF₂- or -CF₂O-,

L¹ to L⁹ are each, independently of one another, H or F, and

is F, Cl, SF₅, NCS, OCN, CN, SCN, or a monohalogenated or polyhalogenated alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl or alkenyloxy radical, each

having up to 5 carbon atoms;

provided that the medium comprises:

at least one compound of formula IV

$$R^4$$
 H H O $L^{1'}$ R^5 IV

in which

m is 1,

R⁴ is an alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,

R⁵ is as defined for R^a or is F, Cl, CF₃ or OCF₃,

L^{1'} is F and

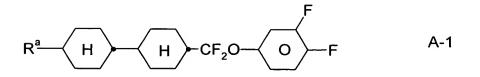
 $L^{2'}$ is H or F,

or that at least one compound of formula B is of the following formula B-2;

$$R^{b'}$$
 O COO O CN $B-2$

in which $R^{b'}$ is a C_{2-12} alkenyl radical [[$_{7}$]].

2. (Original) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, comprising a compound of formulae A-1 to A-12



$$R^a \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow CF_2O \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow F$$
A-2

$$R^a$$
 H CF_2O O OCF_3 $A-3$

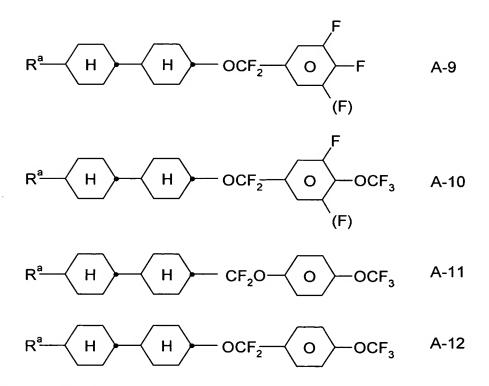
$$R^a$$
 H CF_2O O O $A-4$

$$R^a$$
 H CF_2O H O F A-5

$$R^a \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow CF_2O \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow F$$
 A-6

$$R^a \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow CF_2O \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow OCF_3$$
 A-7

$$R^a$$
 H $-CF_2O$ H O O O $A-8$



in which Ra is as defined in Claim 1.

3. (Original) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, comprising a compound of formulae B-1 to B-6

$$R^{b}$$
 O COO O CN $B-1$ COO O CN COO O COO O COO CO

$$R^{b} \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow COO \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow CN$$

$$R^{b} \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow COO \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow CN$$

$$B-5$$

$$R^{b} \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow COO \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow CN$$

$$B-6$$

in which R^b is as defined in Claim 1.

4. (Original) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, further comprising a compound of formulae IIa to IIj

$$R^2$$
 H O F F F

$$R^2$$
 H CH_2CH_2 O F Ile

$$R^2$$
 H CH_2CH_2 H O F F

$$R^2 \longrightarrow F$$
 IIg

$$R^2 - O - O - F$$

IIh

$$R^2$$
 H COO O F III

$$R^2$$
 H O COO O F IIj

R² is an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF₃, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in

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5. (Original) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, further comprising a cyano compound of formulae IIIa to IIIi

$$R^3 \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow CN$$
 IIIa

$$R^3$$
 H O CN . IIIb

$$R^3 \longrightarrow CF_2O \longrightarrow CN$$
 IIIc

$$R^3$$
 — COO — O — CN IIId

$$R^3$$
 — CH_2CH_2 — CN IIIe

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$$R^3$$
 \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow COO \longrightarrow CN IIIIf

$$R^3 \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow CN$$
 IIIg

$$R^3$$
 H COO CN IIIh

$$R^3$$
 H CF_2O O CN IIIi

R³ is an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF₃, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in which one or more CH₂ groups are optionally, independently of one another, are replaced by -O-, -S-, — , -CH=CH-, -C≡C-, -CO-, -CO-O- or -O-CO-O- in such a way that O atoms are not linked directly to one another, and

 L^1 , L^2 and L^3 are each, independently of one another, H or F.

6. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, further comprising a compound of formula IV'

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$$R^4$$
 H H R^5 IV'

m is 0 or 1,

R⁴ is an alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,

R⁵ is defined as R^a in claim 1, or, when m is 1, is alternatively F, Cl, CF₃ or OCF₃, and

L¹ and L² are each, independently of one another, H or F, wherein the compound of formula IV is not identical to the compound of formula IV'.

7. (Original) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, further comprising a compound of formula VII

in which alkyl and alkyl* are each, independently of one another, an alkyl group having 1 to 7 carbon atoms.

8. (Original) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, further comprising a tolan compound of formula T2a, T2b or T2c

$$R^6 \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow R^7$$
 T2a

 $R^6 \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow R^7$ T2b

$$R^6 - O - O - F$$

T2c

R⁶ and R⁷ are each, independently of one another, an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF3, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in which one or more CH₂ groups are optionally, independently of one another, replaced by -O-, -S-, -CH=CH-, -C≡C-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO- or -O-CO-O- in such a way that O atoms are not linked directly to one another.

- 9. (Original) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, wherein the medium comprises 5-30% by weight of one or more compounds of formula A.
- 10. (Original) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, wherein the medium comprises 5-30% by weight of one or more compounds of formula B.
- 11. (Original) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, wherein the medium comprises more than 20% of compounds having a dielectric anisotropy of $\Delta\epsilon \ge +12$.
- 12. (Original) An electro-optical device comprising a liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1.
- 13. (Original) An electro-optical liquid-crystal display containing a liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1.
 - 14. (Original) A TN or STN liquid-crystal display comprising
 - two outer plates, which, together with a frame, form a cell,
 - a nematic liquid-crystal mixture of positive dielectric anisotropy located in the cell,
 - electrode layers with alignment layers on the insides of the outer plates,
 - a tilt angle between the longitudinal axis of the molecules at the surface of the outer plates and the outer plates of from 0 degree to 30 degrees, and
 - a twist angle of the liquid-crystal mixture in the cell from alignment layer to alignment layer with a value of between 22.5° and 600°, and

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- a nematic liquid-crystal mixture comprising
 - a) 15 75% by weight of a liquid-crystalline component A

consisting of one or more compounds having a dielectric anisotropy of greater than +1.5;

- b) 25 85% by weight of a liquid-crystalline component B consisting of one or more compounds having a dielectric anisotropy of between -1.5 and +1.5;
- c) 0 20% by weight of a liquid-crystalline component D consisting of one or more compounds having a dielectric anisotropy of below -1.5, and
- d) optionally, an optically active component C in such an amount that the ratio between the layer thickness and the natural pitch of the chiral nematic liquid-crystal mixture is from about 0.2 to 1.3,

wherein component A is a liquid-crystalline medium according to claim 1.

- 15. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to claim 2, comprising a compound of formula A-2 or A-6.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to claim 3, comprising a compound of formula B-1, B-2' or B-4.
- 17. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to claim 1, comprising a compound of formula A-2

$$R^{a}$$
 H $CF_{2}O$ O F $A-2$

and a compound of formula B-1

$$R^b \longrightarrow COO \longrightarrow CN$$
 B-1

wherein in R^a and R^b are as defined in claim 1.

- 18. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to claim 1, wherein the medium contains three homologous compounds of formula A.
- 19. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, wherein $R^{b'}$ is a C_{2-7} alkenyl radical.
- 20. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium comprising one or more compounds of formula A

$$R^{a} \qquad \qquad H \qquad \qquad Z^{1} \qquad \qquad H \qquad \qquad Z^{2} \qquad \qquad Q \qquad$$

and

at least one compound of formula B

in which

R^a and R^b are each, independently of one another, H or an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF₃, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in which one or more CH₂ groups are optionally, independently of one another, replaced by -O-, -S-, -CH=CH-, -C=C-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO- or -O-CO-O- in such a way that O atoms are not linked directly to one another.

 Z^1 and Z^2 are each, independently of one another, -(CH₂)₄-, -CF₂O-, -COO-, -OCF₂-, -OCH₂-, -CH₂O-, -CH₂-, -(CH₂)₃- or a single bond, wherein at least one of Z^1 and Z^2 is -OCF₂- or -CF₂O-,

L¹ to L⁹ Y

are each, independently of one another, H or F, and is F, Cl, SF₅, NCS, OCN, CN, SCN, or a monohalogenated or polyhalogenated alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl or alkenyloxy radical, each having up to 5 carbon atoms,

and

a compound of formulae IIa to IIj

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^{2} - H - O - F = IIID$$

$$R^2 - H - CH_2CH_2 - H - O - F$$
IIf

$$R^2 - H - O + F$$
 IIg

$$R^2 \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow F$$
 IIh

$$R^2$$
 H COO O F IIi

$$R^2$$
 H O COO O F IIj

R² is an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF₃, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in which one or more CH₂ groups are optionally, independently of one another, replaced by -O-, -S-, — , -CH=CH-, -C≡C-, -CO-, -CO-O- or -O-CO-O- in such a way that O atoms are not linked directly to one another.

21. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium comprising one or more compounds of formula A

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$$R^a \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow Z^1 \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow Z^2 \longrightarrow Q \longrightarrow Q$$

and

at least one compound of formula B

in which

R^a and R^b are each, independently of one another, H or an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF₃, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in which one or more CH₂ groups are optionally, independently of one another, replaced by -O-, -S-, -CH=CH-, -C=C-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO- or -O-CO-O- in such a way that O atoms are not linked directly to one another.

 Z^1 and Z^2 are each, independently of one another, -(CH₂)₄-, -CF₂O-, -COO-, -OCF₂-, -OCH₂-, -CH₂O-, -CH₂-, -(CH₂)₃- or a single bond, wherein at least one of Z^1 and Z^2 is -OCF₂- or -CF₂O-,

L¹ to L⁹ are each, independently of one another, H or F, and
Y is F, Cl, SF₅, NCS, OCN, CN, SCN, or a monohalogenated or
polyhalogenated alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl or alkenyloxy radical, each
having up to 5 carbon atoms,

and

a compound of formula VII

in which alkyl and alkyl* are each, independently of one another, an alkyl group having 1 to 7 carbon atoms.

22. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 20, further comprising at least one compound of formula IV

in which

m is 1,

R⁴ is an alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,

 R^5 is as defined for R^a or is F, Cl, CF_3 or OCF_3 ,

L^{1'} is F and

L^{2'} is H or F,

or that at least one compound of formula B is of the following formula B-2;

$$R^{b'}$$
 O COO O F CN $B-2$

in which $R^{b'}$ is a C_{2-12} alkenyl radical.

23. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 21, further comprising at least one compound of formula IV

$$R^4$$
 H H O $L^{1'}$ R^5 IV

m is 1,

R⁴ is an alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,

R⁵ is as defined for R^a or is F, Cl, CF₃ or OCF₃,

L^{1'} is F and

 $L^{2'}$ is H or F,

or that at least one compound of formula B is of the following formula B-2;

$$R^{b'}$$
 O COO O CN $B-2$

in which R^{b'} is a C₂₋₁₂ alkenyl radical.

- 24. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1, which comprises a compound of formula IV.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim <u>1</u> 24, wherein in the compound of formula IV, R⁵ is F, Cl, CF₃ or OCF₃.
- 26. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium comprising one or more compounds of formula A and B, and of IV or one of IIa to IIj, wherein formula A is

 $R^{a} \underbrace{H} Z^{1} \underbrace{H} Z^{2} \underbrace{O} \underbrace{L^{1}}_{L^{2}} Y A$

formula B is

in which

R^a and R^b are each, independently of one another, H or an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF₃, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in which one or more CH₂ groups are optionally, independently of one another, replaced by -O-, -S-, -CH=CH-, -C≡C-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO- or

-O-CO-O- in such a way that O atoms are not linked directly to one another,

 Z^1 and Z^2 are each, independently of one another, -(CH₂)₄-, -CF₂O-, -COO-, -OCF₂-, -OCH₂-, -CH₂O-, -CH₂-, -(CH₂)₃- or a single bond, wherein at least one of Z^1 and Z^2 is -OCF₂- or -CF₂O-,

L¹ to L⁹ are each, independently of one another, H or F, and
Y is F, Cl, SF₅, NCS, OCN, CN, SCN, or a monohalogenated or
polyhalogenated alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl or alkenyloxy radical, each
having up to 5 carbon atoms,

formula IV is

$$R^4$$
 H H O $L^{2^{-1}}$ R^5 IV

in which

m is 1,

R⁴ is an alkenyl group having 2 to 7 carbon atoms,

 R^5 is as defined for R^a or is F, CI, CF_3 or OCF_3 ,

 $L^{1'}$ is F and $L^{2'}$ is H or F,

and formulae IIa to IIj are

$$R^2$$
 H O F H

$$R^2$$
 H O F F F F

$$R^2 - H - O - F$$
 IIc

$$R^2$$
 H O F F F

$$R^2$$
 H CH_2CH_2 O F IIe

$$R^2 - H - CH_2CH_2 - H - O - F$$
IIf

$$R^2 - H - O F$$
 IIg

$$R^2$$
 O O F F IIh

$$R^2$$
 H H COO O F III

$$R^2$$
 H O COO O F IIj

- R² is an alkyl radical having 1 to 12 carbon atoms which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN or CF₃, or at least monosubstituted by halogen, in which one or more CH₂ groups are optionally, independently of one another, replaced by -O-, -S-, , -CH=CH-, -C≡C-, -CO-, -CO-O- or -O-CO-O- in such a way that O atoms are not linked directly to one another.
- 27. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 26, wherein in the compound of formula IV, R⁵ is F, CI, CF₃ or OCF₃.
- 28. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 6, wherein in the compound of formula IV', R⁵ is F, Cl, CF₃ or OCF₃.
- 29. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 25 which has a threshold voltage of less than 1 V.
- 30. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1 which has a threshold voltage of less than 1 V.

31. (Previously Presented) A liquid-crystalline medium according to Claim 1 which has a threshold voltage of 0.65 to 0.75 V.